

## COPS LEFT VAST DESERT IN WAKE

Demolished Mountainous  
Store of Provisions and  
Stood Strain Well.

## INTERMINABLE BASEBALL GAME

Thousands Turn Out to Enjoy  
Picnic and Have Good Time.  
Races and Other Inter-  
esting Exercises  
Were Features  
of Day.

Five thousand people were once fed on five loaves and three fishes, but for twenty-five hundred and three thousand Richmonders who yesterday enjoyed themselves at the all-day police picnic in the Fair Grounds, it took this—  
One thousand loaves of bread.  
Three hundred gallons of Brunswick stew.  
Three hundred and sixty pounds of corned beef.  
Two hundred pounds of cooked ham.  
Fifty pounds of Schweitzer cheese.  
Ten pounds of Limburger.  
Two hundred and ten pounds of corned beef.  
Eight bushels of potato salad.  
Eight bushels of the "Devil's mixture."  
Fifteen gallons of salmon salad.  
Five dozen Dutch herring.  
Twelve hundred and eighty gallons of brewed lemonade.  
Hundreds of bottles of iron brew, soda water, popcock and lemonade made out of lemons.  
Of all this vast amount, fairly staggering the imagination of the readers, only the Limburger was left. It commanded a wide berth, and people fled from it as they would before a roaring lion. The Limburger almost roared.  
Flooded from Every Quarter.  
Fully 2,500 people were transported to the Fair Grounds during the course of the day, and others walked by the dozen. There was not a knot-hole that did not let some hungry human through, and others innumerable climbed over the fence. The smell of Jack Sale's boiling three-hundred gallon cauldron was wafted far and wide by the kindly breezes, and hungry mortals eagerly sniffed of its fragrance. Hence it is not to be doubted that yesterday's picnic was forgotten, despite its ancient glory, and all roads led to the Fair Grounds. An observer from Mars would doubtless have thought that a famine had recently visited the city and that outside relief had just come in.  
By 6 o'clock in the evening not a thing was left, one could not have collected one basket, much less twelve, of crumbs that had been scattered on the green and the mold, for the unending refrain of every child that visited the picnic was "let us eat, drink and be merry, for to-morrow we die." There may be more truth than folly in the saying, for it was generally reported all over the city last night that two policemen had over-eaten themselves and had died in peace. The report could not be verified last night, but it is a foregone conclusion that to-day will be a busy one for the physicians.  
Special praise is due to the Passenger and Power Company, the officials of which displayed great foresight in doubling the number of the cars to bring the people home. The necessity of this is easily understood when it is remembered what the company had to bring back. Going out, the provisions were loaded in wagons.  
The Most Successful.  
In point of attendance, the program of entertainment, the provender provided and the general delights of the day, the picnic of the Police Benevolent Association was the most successful ever held, and this opinion was freely expressed by both the police, the members of the association and by those who were fortunate enough to be participants in the day's frivolity and enjoyment. It was an all-Richmond day, and people journeyed out in the hot, boiling sun because they knew or had heard, of Jack Sale's ability as a cook and general provider, he.

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## DARROW FIERCELY ABUSED ORCHARD

Attorney for Haywood Exhausted Vituperative  
Vocabulary in Speech

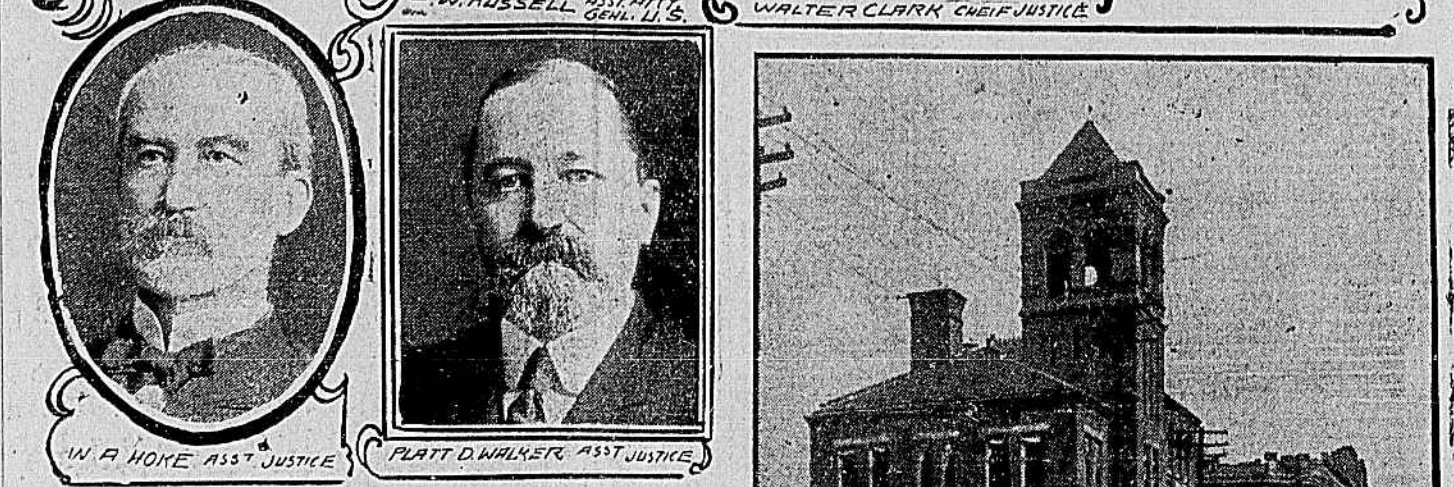
## FLAYS ATTORNEY HAWLEY ALSO

Three Hours Devoted to Excoriation of Orchard, After Which Speaker Denounces Capital and Eulogizes Labor Unions.

BOISE, IDAHO, July 24.—The career of Frank Steunenberg, the murdered former Governor of Idaho, was discussed at length this afternoon by Clarence Darrow in his plea in behalf of William D. Haywood, charged with the murder. Justifying the articles published in the Miners Magazine, the official organ of the Western Federation of Miners, Mr. Darrow said the action of Steunenberg in asking for "C. I. C. States troops to quell riots and the establishment of martial law in 1899 were unjustifiable, and had properly stirred up intense feeling in labor circles against the Governor.  
Mr. Darrow's argument, unfinished to-night, developed into an appeal for labor as against capital, and a denunciation of all opposition to labor unions. He held an audience startled and open-mouthed as one after another of the sentiments poured from his lips. His attack on Orchard was anticipated, and in this respect he fulfilled and surpassed the limit of expectation.  
Three hours were given to Orchard, and it was only when vituperation, physical force and words were spent that Darrow turned to James H. Hawley, the leading counsel for the State, and the Pinkerton detectives, for something on which to pour the lesser volume of abuse. The State of Idaho came in for a large share of Darrow's denunciation for the part it has played in the prosecution. Culture, education, the Constitution, the Supreme Court and wealth, each in turn, was described as constituting a part of a combination against the workingmen.  
He Assails Constitution.  
Mr. Darrow sneered at universities. "And what is a cultured man," he exclaimed, "but a cruel tyrant always?" Reaching the climax of sympathy for the working class and hatred for the rich, he assailed the Constitution of the country and ended:  
"The Constitution! The Constitution is here only to destroy the laws made for the benefit of the poor."  
Mr. Darrow's support of labor unions and of union men was passionate, and his eulogy of the Western Federation eloquent. Lamenting, he touched on the beauty of self-sacrifice found in the "struggle for humanity where only the working man is found," while in the bitterest sarcasm his voice pitched in its highest note and his arms upheld he heaped abuse on the selfish rich and upon the administration of the State of Idaho.  
Mr. Darrow had begun a detailed review of the evidence in the case as court adjourned at 9 o'clock to-night until to-morrow morning.  
Vituperation for Hawley.  
Clarence Darrow, of Chicago, for two hours and a half of the morning session of the Haywood trial to-day proclaimed the innocence of his client and the impossibility of his conviction upon the uncorroborated evidence of Harry Orchard. J. H. Hawley, leading counsel for the State, and Orchard were figures around whom most of the storm of the morning centered. Throughout the ten weeks of testimony taking, Hawley and Darrow have clashed almost daily, and there have been frequent exchanges of fiery words until during Hawley's argument the lie was passed. This morning Darrow vented his accumulated wrath. There was no aim at refinement of attack, it was straight vituperation and angry denunciation. For two hours and a half Darrow rang the charges of Orchard's past, his present and his future, and on Orchard he heaped every word of abuse and contempt that the least possible show of respect for the court would permit.  
Courtroom Densely Packed.  
The courtroom was crowded to its

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## ACTING ATTORNEY-GENERAL OF UNITED STATES AND MEMBERS OF NORTH CAROLINA SUPREME COURT



If the Pritchard proposition in the rate case is in some form finally accepted the suit will go to the State Supreme Court, cuts of whose members are given here. This is the course now evidently desired by all. Acting Attorney-General Russell is in close touch with the situation, through Assistant Sanford.

## MANY FATALITIES ALL OVER COUNTRY

Prominent Alabama Physician  
Crushed to Death Under  
Engine.

## THREE KILLED IN EXPLOSION

MOBILE, ALA., July 24.—Dr. G. T. Killebrew, a prominent young physician, was crushed to death under the wheels of a moving freight train; Perrin Bestora, a prominent young attorney was seriously, and Walter P. Horn, a business man, slightly injured in an automobile accident here to-day. The accident occurred while they were crossing a railroad track. Dr. Killebrew jumped and was caught beneath the wheels of the train.  
Dr. Killebrew was president of the Mobile County Medical Society and a lecturer in the University of Alabama. He was born in Nashville, Tenn.  
CLARKSBURG, W. VA., July 24.—Three men were burned to death to-day by an explosion in a powder house at Two Lick Coal Mine, near here. The dead:  
DESPLA BARNES, aged twenty-three, single, of Bethlehem, Pa.  
NICOLIO PLENORITES, twenty-one, single, of Benwood, W. Va.  
FRANK GOFF, twenty-one, single, of Clarksburg.  
The powder ignited from a pipe one of the men was smoking. The building was demolished.  
Head-On Collision.  
ELYRIA, O., July 24.—In a head-on collision between two traction cars on the Cleveland and Northwestern Line to-day, three persons were seriously and probably fatally injured and a score of others received injuries of a minor nature.  
CONNEAUT, O., July 24.—Two men were killed and five others seriously injured by the falling of scaffolding upon some work at the Pittsburg and Conneaut dock to-day. The dead are: A. Matson and B. Hulick, of Cleveland, structural iron-workers.

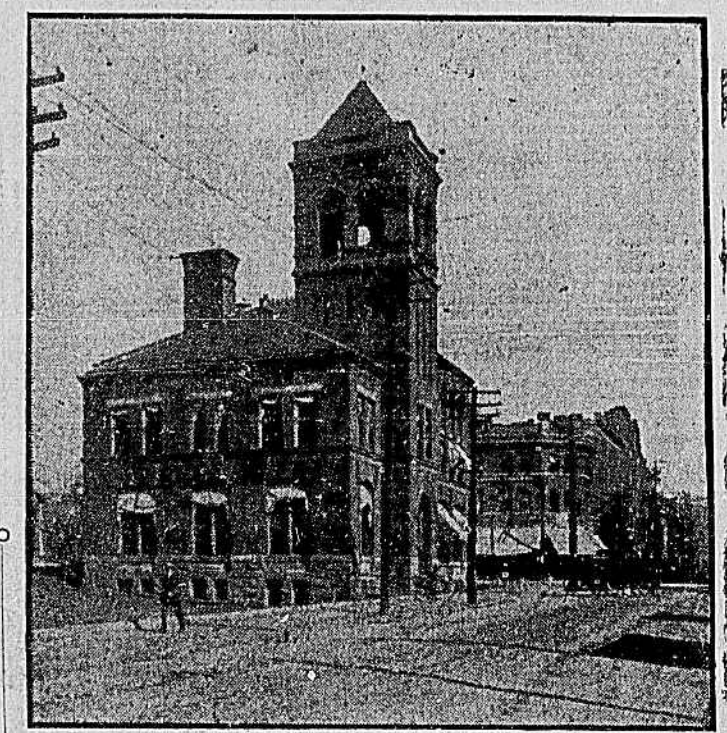
## COMES TO HIMSELF AS VICTIM EXPIRES

Frank Warner Awakes to Con-  
sciousness When He Hears  
of Wilson's Death.

## DEAD MAN INTIMATE FRIEND

NEW YORK, July 24.—Almost at the moment his second victim breathed his last, Frank H. Warner awoke to consciousness and a realization of his tragic acts of yesterday.  
Down on his luck, and perhaps temporarily insane, Warner, formerly a prosperous hatter, shot and killed Esther Norling, who once had been his book-keeper, and after a wild flight from the police, fired a bullet into the back of his intimate friend, John C. Wilson, a wealthy hatter.  
Wilson died at St. Vincent Hospital to-night, and as the news of his death reached Bellevue Hospital, where Warner is a prisoner, the latter regained his senses. Warner was knocked down and badly injured by the crowd that captured him, and had since been in a comatose state.  
To-night he replied to brief inquiries, but the physicians in charge did not wish to have him questioned at length. The district attorney's office was notified, however, that Warner might be able to talk later to-night.  
His condition remains critical, but because of his wonderful vitality, it is believed that he may recover. It has been found that there is no fracture of the skull, as at first believed. Concussion of the brain, severe shock and a slight internal hemorrhage are the ailments with which the physicians have to contend.  
As a result of official investigation into the conduct of the policemen who failed to arrest Warner after he had killed Miss Norling, Police Commissioner Bingham to-day suspended Police-  
man Stephen S. Walsh and Tracey L.

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This is the storm centre of the famous rate litigation, which has caught the ear of the nation because of the pertinent questions involved.

## MUST PAY HEAVILY ON PAIN OF DEATH

Widespread Conspiracy to Get  
Money Out of Rich Armen-  
ian Merchants.

## LETTER TO ARMENIA ALEON

NEW YORK, July 24.—The district attorney's office obtained to-day a number of letters in connection with the murder of the rug merchant, H. S. Tavshanjian, which showed that for several months there have been communications sent to rich Armenian merchants in this city demanding that amounts of money be sent to the Hunchakist Society on pain of death. The letters confirm the reports of a widespread conspiracy to get money, and which the district attorney thinks is alarming.  
One of the Armenians who has been greatly frightened by the letter of the Hunchakist is Armen P. Aleon, a rug importer. He received a letter last March demanding that \$10,000 be paid to the Hunchakists at once if he wished to escape the fate of his father. Aleon's father, about three years before, had gone on a trip to Persia. On the journey he was held up. The son does not know whether the brigands got any money from the father, for when the latter returned to America he was a raving maniac, and died within a month without being able to tell anything about his experience.  
Police Commissioner Bingham stated to-day that for a long time he had known of Armenians who were black-

## DENY SHORE LEAVE TO BLUE JACKETS

Both American and Japanese  
Sailors Are Kept on Board  
Ships.

## JAP CRUISERS ARE AT BREST

BREST, July 24.—The Japanese cruisers Tsukuba and Chitose, under the command of Vice-Admiral Sir Ger Ijima, reached this harbor to-day. While entering the harbor the visiting war-ships saluted the forts with twenty-one guns, and as they swung around to drop anchor near the American cruisers Washington and Tennessee, the latter, flagship of Rear-Admiral Charles H. Stockton, saluted the Japanese division with fifteen guns, which was returned gun for gun.  
The crews of the Japanese cruisers are to be kept on board until further orders, and the American bluejackets also have been denied shore leave.  
Rear-Admiral Stockton explained that this restriction is customary on the day before war-ships leave ports. Rear-Admiral Ijima and his staff will leave here for Paris to-night. They will be escorted by Lieutenant Champeau, of the French navy.  
The French and some of the Japanese officers were the guests of Rear-Admiral Stockton on the cruiser Washington to-night.

## SERIOUS ASPECT OF RATE CONTEST; NO END IN SIGHT

All Peace Proposals From  
Federal Authorities Are  
Promptly Rejected.

## DARING TALK OF IMPEACHMENT

Washington Hears Such Mut-  
terings Regarding Judge  
Pritchard—Believed at  
Capital That Presi-  
dent is Em-  
barrassed.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]  
ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 24.—It is conservative to say that to-night developments in the railroad controversy present a more serious aspect than at any time since the agitation began. The lines have again been drawn taut, mainly for the reason that Governor Glenn has not, as yet, seen his way clear to accede to the proposals of a pacific nature, which have been submitted to him a rather frequent intervals since yesterday afternoon. In fact, the Governor has evinced very little interest in this peace talk, further than to inquire if the acceptance of peace means that the new rate law will be observed pending settlement of the Asheville and Raleigh cases. As such a course would mean nullification of the interlocutory proceedings instituted before Judge Pritchard, it goes without saying that the reply was of a negative character. In fact, the question answered itself.  
PEACE PROPOSITIONS  
WHICH WERE REJECTED.  
The peace propositions submitted by Assistant Attorney-General Sanford to Governor Glenn and rejected by the latter are as follows:  
First.—That the injunction suits should be expedited and gotten ready for final hearing at once.  
Second.—That the habeas corpus cases decided here should be at once carried to the Supreme Court of the United States by appeal.  
Third.—That the Green case at Raleigh, in which the Southern Railway was fined \$500,000, should be carried by the railway company to the Supreme Court of the State at once, and if that court should affirm the judgment of the superior Court the railway company should sue out a writ of error from the State and carry the case to the United States Supreme Court.  
Fourth.—That all future proceedings under the rate law in the State court shall be suspended until the Supreme Court of the United States can render final judgment settling the controversy. The State advocates stated to-night that the Federal court cannot escape a violation of the Federal statute which prohibits a Federal court from granting an injunction against a State court. They say that it is too clear now to admit of question that what Judge Pritchard has already done amounts to a violation of the Federal statute.  
NATIONAL GOVERNMENT  
DIRECTING PROCEEDINGS  
Since Assistant Attorney-General Sanford is on the ground, and has assumed an attitude eminently fair to all concerned, the assumption is safe that these peace overtures were made with the knowledge and approval of the Department of Justice.  
This necessarily means that Judge Pritchard is now proceeding upon a course that is regarded with favor by the Washington authorities, which means the President of the United States—and should the Governor of the State finally reject all proposals of peace, it would mean that subsequent events would be directed very largely, if not altogether, from Washington.  
In fact, one precautionary step has already been taken, if one may judge from outward appearance. District Attorney Hollon arrived here to-day, and all hands are waiting for the Gov-

## MINIONS OF LAW DISPORT THEMSELVES IN MANY GUISES AT ANNUAL PICNIC

